## Student 1 – name and surname Student 2 – name and surname Group Date/time Table

#### Worksheet Laboratory 2 rev 7.1

#### 1. Measurement of the distortions for sinusoidal signal

Frequency	0.5kHz	10kHz
THD [%]		
THD [dB]		

Explanation:

### 2. Measurement of the distortions for different signals

Signal	Sinusoidal	Rectangular	Triangular
THD [%]			
THD [dB]			

Explanations:

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Y output for rectangular signal.

### 3. Visualising the spectra of the previously measured signals (directly from the generator!)

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		-						-		
		-						-		
		-						-		

#### Sinusoidal signal

Rectangular signal

	Fanda mental level [dB]		Fundamen tal frequency [KHz]	Harmonics level				
		Noise level [dB]		f = harmo nic no. k=	f = harmo nic no. k =	f = harmo nic no. k =		
Sinusoidal signal				-	-	-		
Rectangular signal		-						
Evelopetions								

Explanations:

4. Measuring the variat	ion of the disto	rtion factor when	varying the leve	l of the	signal
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Signal level [dB]	0	-20	-40
THD [%]			
THD [dB]			
Measured level for the			
fundamental [dB]			
Measured level for the noise[dB]			

Explanations:

# 5. Measuring the distortions of a distributed-load amplifier

a) Computed val	ues: V <sub>B</sub> =	$V_{E}=$
Measured	: V <sub>B</sub> =	$V_E =$

b)  $V_{out}$ =  $V_{in}$ = A= Explanation  $V_C$ :

c)

А

signal:	input	Undistorted output	Distorted signal (top or bottom)
THD[%]			

# 6. The notch filter parameters

Remark: fill in the Amin (left and right) values in dB !

Attenuati	-3	-10	-20	-30	-40	A <sub>min</sub>	$A_{min}$	-40	-30	-20	-10	-3
on [dB]						=	=					
Frecq.						Flow	$F_{high}$					
[Hz]						=	=					





 $B_{capture}Hz$ ]= ....